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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/823,253	. (	04/12/2004	Jennifer Lynne Reed	10271-112-999	5470
20583	7590	09/07/2005		EXAM	INER
JONES DA	ΑY			RINAUDO,	JO ANN S
222 EAST	41ST ST				
NEW YOR	K, NY 10	0017	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•	•		1644	

DATE MAILED: 09/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	~ )	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/823,253	REED, JENNIFER LYNNE
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jo Ann Rinaudo	1644
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be a specified above.	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI stute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	·	· •
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-122 is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-122 are subject to restriction and	lrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	ccepted or b) Objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume  2. Certified copies of the priority docume  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume  application from the International Bure  * See the attached detailed Office action for a light common content.	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  received in this National Stage
		•
		•
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) 🗀 Interview (	Summary (PTO-413)
7) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(	s)/Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/N Paper No(s)/Mail Date	08) 5) Notice of I 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - Claims 1-87, 101-110 drawn to an IL-9, wherein the antibody is human or humanized, conjugated, in a composition, and in a kit, classified in class 435, subclass 810 and class 530, subclass 387.3.
  - II. Claim 88, drawn to a method for preventing, treating, managing and/or ameliorating a disease by administering IL-9 antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 133.1.
  - III. Claims 89, 90 and 91, 94-99, 101-110 drawn to drawn to a method for preventing, treating, managing and/or ameliorating a respiratory infection by administering IL-9 antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 133.1.
  - IV. Claims 89, 92, 94-99, 101-110, drawn to a method for preventing, treating, managing and/or ameliorating an inflammatory disorder by administering IL-9 antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 133.1.
  - V. Claims 89, 93-99, 101-110, drawn to a method for preventing, treating, managing and/or ameliorating an autoimmune disorder by administering IL-9 antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 133.1.
  - VI. Claim 100, drawn to a method of detecting the levels of IL-9 in a sample, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.

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2. Group I and Groups II-VI are related as product and process of using. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antibody of Group I can be used for affinity purification, in addition to the methods of treating and detecting recited.

- 3. Groups II-V are methods of treating different disorders with the IL-9 antibody. Group II is a non-specific disorder characterized by aberrant expression of IL-9. Group III is a respiratory infection; Group IV is an inflammatory disorder; and Group V is an autoimmune disorder. These Groups are distinct because the pathological conditions differ in etiologies and therapeutic endpoints; thus each condition represents patentably distinct subject matter.
- 4. Group VI is distinct from Groups II-V. Group VI is a method of detecting the levels of IL-9 and Groups II-V are a method of treatment. A method of detecting and a method of treating differ with respect to ingredients, method steps, and endpoints; therefore, each method is patentably distinct.
- 5. These inventions are distinct for the reasons given above. In addition, they have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by different classification and/or recognized divergent subject matter. Further, even though in some cases the classification is shared, a different field of search would be required based upon the structurally distinct products recited and the various methods of use comprising distinct method steps. Therefore restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Further, a prior art search also requires a literature search. It is an undue burden for the examiner to search more than one invention.

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## Species Election

6. Irrespective of whichever group applicant may elect, applicant is further required under 35 US 121 (1) to elect a single disclosed species to which claims would be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable and (2) to list all claims readable thereon including those subsequently added.

- 7. Claims 1-84 recite various combinations of variable heavy chains, variable light chains, and CDR (complementarity determining regions for various IL-9 antibodies.

  Applicant is required to elect ONE particular anti-IL-9 antibody and to provide the following information with respect to the elected species of anti-IL-9 antibody:
  - i) applicable heavy chain SEQ ID NO:,
  - ii) applicable light chain SEQ ID NO:,
  - iii) applicable heavy chain CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 SEQ ID NO's:, AND
  - iv) applicable light chain CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 SEQ ID NO's.

These species of anti-IL-9 antibodies are distinct because each antibody possess a unique structure as determined both by its heavy and light chain sequences, and by the pairing of those sequences to produce the antigen binding site. Currently, claims 1-3 are generic.

- A. If Group III is elected, applicant is required to elect a specific respiratory infection, from the infections recited in Claims 90 and 91.
- B. If Group IV is elected, applicant is required to elect a specific inflammatory disorder, from the inflammatory disorders recited in Claim 92.
- C. If Group V is elected, applicant is required to elect a specific autoimmune disease, from the autoimmune diseases recited in Claim 93.

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8. These species are distinct because the pathological conditions differ in etiologies and therapeutic endpoints; thus each condition represents patentably distinct subject matter.

- 9. Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. § 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.
- 10. Applicant is advised that a response to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.
- 11. Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 C.F.R. § 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. M.P.E.P. § 809.02(a).
- 12. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103 of the other invention.
- 13. Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.

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14. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

15. In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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16. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

- 17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jo Ann Rinaudo whose telephone number is 571.272.8143. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30AM 5PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on 571.272.0841. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571.273.8300.
- 18. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jo Ann Rinaudo, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner

8/29/05

PATRICK J. NOLAN, PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER